

Sample Questions for Nursing Council Licensing Examinations

Part II (Psychiatric) Registration

香港護士管理局執業考試
第二部分註冊護士(精神科)例題

Paper A: Medical English

試卷甲：醫學英語

I. Matching

配合題

(Each answer carries ½ mark)

(每個答案半分)

Enter the appropriate letter on the right side in the box on the left side.

將右方有關的英文字母填在左方的空格內。

a. Match the following prefixes with their meanings:

將下列各前綴與其相關的意思配合：

	<u>Prefixes</u> 前綴	<u>Meanings</u> 意思
1.	<input type="checkbox"/> Amyl-	A. Abdomen 腹部
2.	<input type="checkbox"/> Brachy-	B. Black color 黑色
3.	<input type="checkbox"/> Cephal-	C. Digestion 消化
4.	<input type="checkbox"/> Duodeno-	D. Gums 牙齦
5.	<input type="checkbox"/> Entero-	E. Head 頭部
6.	<input type="checkbox"/> Gingiv-	F. Intestine 腸
7.	<input type="checkbox"/> Hyster-	G. Short 短的
8.	<input type="checkbox"/> Laparo-	H. Starch 澱粉
9.	<input type="checkbox"/> Melan-	I. Tongue 舌頭
10.	<input type="checkbox"/> Phleb-	J. Twelve 十二
		K. Uterine 子宮
		L. Vein 靜脈

II. State the full name of the following abbreviations of terms: (Each answer carries 1 mark)

寫出以下縮寫術語的完整名稱: (每個答案一分)

1. ADHD : _____

2. BMR : _____

III. State the full name of the following investigations: (Each answer carries 1 mark)

寫出以下檢查的完整名稱: (每個答案一分)

1. Blood x ABG : Blood for _____

1. Blood x ABG : 血液 _____

Paper B : Nursing Knowledge

試卷乙：護理知識

Multiple Choice Questions

(Each answer carries 1 mark)

選擇題

(每個答案一分)

1. In an axon, the myelinated sheath serves:

- A as a protective layer for the neuron.
- B as a resistor that slows the speed of transmission of the nerve impulse.
- C to increase the efficiency of transmission of the nerve impulse.
- D to provide nutrients.

1. 在軸突中，髓鞘發揮以下哪些作用：

- A 作為神經元的保護層。
- B 作為減緩神經脈衝傳導速度的電阻。
- C 提高神經脈衝傳導的效率。
- D 提供營養。

2. The risk of stroke is increased in patients with a history of:

- A Atherosclerosis.
- B Congestive heart failure.
- C Hypotension.
- D Multiple sclerosis.

2. 以下哪些病史會增加中風的風險？

- A 動脈粥樣硬化。
- B 充血性心力衰竭。
- C 低血壓。
- D 多發性硬化症。

Short and Long Answer Questions

長答及短答題

1. Define 'hallucination'.

(2 marks)

1. 定義 '幻覺'。

(兩分)

2. Briefly describe the main principles and its outcome of cognitive therapy.

(4 marks)

2. 簡述認知治療的主要原則及其成效。

(四分)

3. A patient refuses to join ward activities in a rehabilitation ward. Describe the nursing management for this patient. (6 marks)

3. 一名病人拒絕參加康復病房的活動。請描述為這名病人提供的護理。(六分)

4. May, 20 years old, who is brought to the Accident and Emergency Department by her father, has ingested an unknown quantity of hypnotics. She is treated medically and has been referred to the psychiatric unit for suicidal observation. You are the primary nurse on ward. Describe the nursing management for May. (12 marks)

4. 20 歲的梅伊因為吞服了未知劑量的安眠藥被她的父親送到急診室。她已接受治療，並被轉介到精神科病房接受自殺觀察。你是她的主管護士，請描述對梅伊提供的護理。(十二分)

Fill in the Blanks

填充題

(Each answer carries 1 mark)

(每個答案佔一分)

The 4 ethical principles include:

- (1) _____;
- (2) _____;
- (3) _____; and
- (4) _____.

四大倫理原則包括：

- (1) _____;
- (2) _____;
- (3) _____; 及
- (4) _____.

People with beliefs or fear that they have a serious illness, when in fact they are merely experiencing normal bodily reactions are known as

- (5) _____.

相信或害怕自己患有嚴重疾病的人，但他們實際上只是在經歷正常的生理反應，這種情況被稱為：

- (5) _____.

Matching

配合題

(Each answer carries ½ mark)

(每個答案佔半分)

Enter the appropriate letter on the right side in the box on the left side.

將右方適合的英文字母填在左方的空格內。

- (a) Match the following drugs to be used to treat the clinical situations in the right column.

將下列各藥物與其臨床情況配合：

Drugs

藥物

Clinical situations

臨床情況

Midazolam

A. Anaphylaxis

過敏性休克

Chlorpheniramine

Flumazenil

Naloxone

Thiamine

B. Benzodiazepam overdose

苯二氮卓類藥物過量

C. Hypoglycaemia

低血糖

D. Opioid overdose

鴉片類藥物過量

E. Status epilepticus

持續性癲癇狀態

F. Torsade de Pointes

扭轉性心室頻脈

G. Wernicke encephalopathy

維尼克腦病